COMBINATION OF TWO FLECTROMAGNETIC SWITCHING DEVICES

CROSS REFERENCE TO PRIOR APPLICATIONS

This application is a U.S. National Phase of International Patent Application No.

PCT/EP/2004/012516, filed November 2, 2004, which claims priority to German Patent

Application No. DE 103.51.123, filed November 3, 2003, the entire disclosure of which is
incorporated by reference herein. The International Application was published in German on

May 12, 2005 as WO 2005/043685.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a device <u>combination including at least two</u> electromagnetic switching devicesus defined in the preamble of the main claim.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Already known are electrical connectors (wiring bridges) between devices that are mounted on a device mounting support (for example, on a mounting rail or on a busbar adapter), the two devices being electrically connected to each other via the electrical connector. Connectors of this type are members holding fixedly disposed pin contacts which cooperate with corresponding contact receptacles on the devices. Electrical connection is achieved by the connector establishing electrical contact between the devices when moving said devices toward each other. In order to bring the devices into contact, at least one device must be slidably mounted on the device mounting support.

[0003] Such types of equipment having devices (sliding carriages or the like) that are slidably mounted on a device mounting support are known, for example, from the following publications: DE 100 05 818 A1, ES 2076075 A2 or DE 195 15 923 C2.

[0004] The aforementioned devices have the disadvantage that the sliding mechanism constitutes a complex additional part. Secondly, such an arrangement requires at least one switching device to be removed, or at least displaced, in order to separate the switching units from each other.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] The An object of the present invention is to provide a device combination that does not need a complex sliding mechanism. Preferably, the devices should be mounted on the device mounting support in a fixed position, while still allowing electrical contact between the devices to be established in a simple manner.

[0006]Starting-from a device of the type mentioned at the outset, this object is achieved according to the present invention by the characterizing features of the independent claim while advantageous refinements of the invention will be apparent from the dependent claims.

[0007]The object of the invention is accomplished by the features of the main claim. Further refinements are set forth in the dependent claims.

[69081]0006] The core of the present invention is that \(\Lambda\) cording to the present invention the plug-in connection system is designed such that it is fixed on a first lateral side of the connector, and on a second lateral side thereof, it is displaceable within the connector housing toward the lateral side of the adjacent device.

490991100071 The displaceable device is composed of a slider formed in the upper side of the connector and holding the displaceable plug-in connection system. The slider preferably rides within a tongue and groove guide formed in the connector housing. The guide may, for example, take the form of a dovetail guide. The slider should be operable manually. To this end, it is preferred for the slider to have an operating handle mounted thereon. The displaceablity makes it possible to bridge a distance of up to 20 mm.

100101100081 The substantial An advantage of the present invention is that the connector bridges the space between the devices without having to displace or remove the adjacent switching devices for purposes of connection and disconnection. The devices to be connected can each be mounted on one DIN rail, respectively. They can also be mounted on a busbar adapter on separate mounting rails disposed on the adapter. The devices may also be individually or collectively connected to other electronic devices, for example, to a bus connection module, via additional electrical connectors.

	[0011-[10009] Using the connector according to the present invention involves a fixed		
allocation of contacts between the switching devices, which prevents incorrect assemble			
resulting from exchanging conductors.			
	400124[0010] Advantageous embodiments include the following further forms features,		
	employed either singly or in combination in addition to the basic invention.		
	$\underline{400434[0011]}$. The plug-in connection systems on the connector (on the lateral sides of the		
connector) preferably take the form of male connectors. Accordingly, female connectors			
receptacles are provided on the switching devices. As a rule, the plug-in connection systems			
should be 3-pole type.			
	10014[10012] Because of the displaceability of the plug-in connection system, the		
	conductor connection is designed to be able to follow the displacement. To this end, the		
conductor connection may preferably take the form of a flexible conductor, or else in			
of telescopic rail, or the like. When choosing a flexible conductor, the conductor should			
	the form of an insulated, highly flexible copper round braid.		
	40015[0013] At the connector receptacles of the switching devices, there are provided		
clamping screws for securely locking the plug-in connection systems. Clamping of the pins in			
particularly important in order to prevent the plug-in connection from loosening due to			
	vibrations during the switching operations in the switching devices.		
	19046H0014 The device mounting support may preferably be formed by a busbar adapter		
	or by one mounting rail for each unit.		
	of by one mounting ran for each unit.		
	10017/10015 To increase mechanical stability, snap-in locking elements (such as cams)		
	may be provided on the connector housing, said snap-in locking elements lockingly engaging		
	with associated openings on at least one of the switching devices.		
	10018[10016] The device mounting support is formed by a busbar adapter or by one		
mounting rail for each unit.			
	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS		

İ	[0020][0018] FIG. 1	is a perspective view showing two switching devices together with a connector;	
	[0021 [0019] FIG. 2	is a cross-sectional view showing the connector in a position connecting the switching devices;	
1	[0022][0020] FIGS. 3A	a and 3B show the connector in two positions; and	
1	100231100211 FIGS. 4A	α and 4B depict the connector in two positions, without showing the connector housing.	
	DETAILED DESCRIPTION 100241[0022] In FIGS. 1 and 2, two switching devices 2, 4 are shown together with a connector 100; FIG. 2 being a cross-sectional view through the connector connecting the main current paths between the switching devices.		

1801251100231 Switching devices 2, 4 are mounted via their busbar receiving means 16, 18 on two mounting rails (not shown) such that they are spaced apart by a distance D. The switching devices provided may, for example, be a motor starter and a contactor. The switching devices may also be connected to other devices via additional electrical connections 22, 24. The housing of the connector may be provided with openings for receiving the additional electrical connections 22, 24, whereas otherwise the lateral sides (105.2, 105.4) of the connector contact the mutually facing lateral sides (5.2, 5.4) of the adjacent switching

[0019][0017] A specific embodiment of the present invention is shown in the figures.

Specifically,

devices.

#9027-[10024] ____Contained in the terminal compartments of the switching devices are (female) connector receptacles 8.2., 8.4, which are accessible from the lateral sides 5.2, 5.4 of the switching devices. The connector receptacles receive the pins 110, 112 of connector 100. The plug-in connection systems are 3-pole type; FIG. 1 showing two of three associated flexible conductors ++2-114 and two of three associated connector pins 110. In the cross-

conductors 114, are located behind each other, so that their number cannot be seen. The male connectors can take the form of pin contacts, wire end ferrules, or contact pieces. The flexible conductors have appropriate lengths and cross-sectional areas, which may be suitably selected by those skilled in the art for this purpose.

409281[0025] Connector 100 is formed by a housing 102 made of insulating material and holding fixedly disposed connector pins 112 on one lateral side thereof. In upper side 106 of the connector, the displaceable device takes the form of a slider 107. Slider 107 holds the displaceable plug-in connection system and rides in a tongue and groove guide 108. Slider 107 can be operated manually using operating handle 109.

40929H0026] ___ In FIG. 1, the connector is in contact with switching device 4 (to the left) and out of contact with second switching device 2. In this installed position, slider 107 is in a position in which it has been moved to the left within housing 102. In FIG. 2, the connector is in contact with both switching devices (the slider is located to the right). In order to provide a first electrical connection, male connectors 112 are inserted into the connector receptacles of the first switching device and tightly clamped with clamping screws. The mechanical stability is increased during installation by the fact that connector housing 102 can snap into openings on the first switching device by means of locking cam N2. Snap-in opening O2 and locking cam N2 are indicated in FIG. 2.

100.304[100.27] The clamping means mentioned earlier can be seen on second switching device 2 in the form of clamping screws 118.2. To allow the clamping screws to be screwed down, the housing 102 of the connector is designed such that the clamping screws on the switching devices remain accessible from above using a screwdriver, independently of the position of slider 107. After completion of the clamping operation on first switching device 4, the slider is moved to the right (see FIG. 2), with second switching device 2 being in a fixed position on a mounting rail or a busbar adapter, and the clamping screws 118.2 in the second switching device are tightened.

40034H001281 FIGS. 3A through 4B show slider 107 of connector 100 in two positions;
FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrating the connector without connector housing. In FIG. 4B, the distance of displacement is denoted by V. Displacement distances may typically range from 8 to 20 mm. This distance is bridged by flexible conductor 114. When the connector is in the

connecting position, the slider is locked to connector housing 102, for which purpose a locking cam N1 is provided.

[0032][0029] In addition, insulating partitions may be disposed between the flexible conductors in the housing of the connector.

[0033|[0030] ___ In order to supplement the description and make it complete, a list of reference numerals is provided below.

- 2, 4 switching devices
- 5.2.5.4 lateral sides
- 8.2. 8.4 connector receptuele (female)
- 10.2, 10.4 screw terminals
- 16, 18-----busbar receiving means
- 22, 24 device to device conductors
- 100 connector
- 102 connector housing
- 105.2. 105.4 lateral-sides
- 106 upper-side/top-surface
- 107 ------slider
- 108-----groove/guide
- 109 operating handle
- 110 first end contacts (male) pin
- 112 second end contacts (male)
- 114 flexible conductor
- 116 contact carrier (of the slider)
- 418.2 -- clamping sorew
- D distance
- V displacement distance
- N1, N2 first, second looking cams
- O2 snap in opening on the switching device

What is claimed is: A combination of at least two electromagnetic switching devices (2, 4), where othe switching devices (2, 4), which are each provided with a connector recentacle (8,2): 8.4), are mountable, adjacent and in fixed position relative to each other, on a device mounting support. *the switching devices (2, 4) are pluggably electrically connected to each other via a connector (100) including an electrical conductor connection (114) and a plug-in connection system (110, 112), and the connector (100) accommodates the conductor connection (114) in a housing (102) and the plug-in-connection system (110, 112) on the lateral connector sides (105.2, 105.4) facing the adjacent-switching devices (2, 4), wherein the plug-in connection system (110, 112) on one lateral connector side (105,2) is designed such that it is displaceable within the connector housing (102) toward the lateral side (5.2) of the adjacent device. The device combination as recited in Claim 1. wherein the displaceable device is composed of a slider (107) formed in the upper side (106) of the connector (100) and holding the displaceable plug-in connection system (110). The device combination as recited in the preceding claim. wherein the slider (107) rides within a tongue and groove-guide (108) formed in the connector housing (102); The device combination as recited in the preceding claim; wherein the slider (107) can be operated using an operating handle (109).

The device combination as recited in one of the preceding claims. wherein the conductor connection takes the form of a flexible conductor (114):

connectors (110, 112).

The device combination as regited in one of the preceding claims, wherein the plug-in-connection systems on the connector (100) take the form of male

- 7. The device combination as recited in the preceding claim, wherein the flexible conductor (114) is a copper round braid.
- The device combination as recited in one of Claims 1 to 5;
 wherein the conductor connection takes the form of a telescopic rail.
- The device combination as recited in one of the preceding claims;
 wherein at the connector receptacles of the switching devices (2, 4), there are provided clamping screws (118,2) for looking the plug in connection systems (110, 112).
- 10. The device combination as recited in one of the preceding claims; wherein snap in locking elements (N2) are provided on the connector housing (102), said snap in locking elements lockingly engaging with associated openings (O2) on at least one of the switching devices (2, 4).
- The device combination as recited in one of the preceding claims;
 wherein the device mounting support is formed by a busbar adapter or by one mounting rail for each unit.

Abstract

The invention relates to a combination of at least two electromagnetic switching devices: According to the invention, the two switching devices (2, 4), each of which is provided with a plug-in connector socket (8,2; 8,4), can be fixed side by side on a support in a stationary position in relation to one another und can be connected to form electrical contact by means of a connection unit (100) comprising an electrical conductor connection (114) and a plug-in connection connection (114). The addition, the conductor connection (114) is encased by a housing (102) of the connection unit (100) and the plug-in connector system (110, 112) by the lateral faces of the connection unit (105,2, 105,4) that face the switching devices (2, 4). The plug-in connector system (110, 112) is configured to be displaced on the lateral-face of the connection-unit (105,2) towards the lateral-face (5,2) of the neighbouring device in the connection-unit flows).